

KINNERLEY CE PRIMARY SCHOOL – Religious Education

Intent, Implementation and Impact

Our knowledge and skills rich curriculum builds from the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS statutory framework and Development Matters to the National Curriculum Objectives for Y1-6.

The curriculum makes links with the wider world, advancing the Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural development of our learners and growing their understanding of British Values. Our curriculum is delivered as part of cohesive units of work, promoting the School Motto 'Dream, Believe, Aspire, Achieve' and underpinned by our school vision:

To create a school community based on Christian values, in which we strive to foster a love of learning, pride in achievement, and the spiritual and moral compass of our children, equipping them to find their own special place in society and the world. We are inspired by the Bible verse, Philippians 4v8, which encourages us to think and strive for the good, 'Whatever is true...noble...honest...just.... think on these things.'

Religious education is not a statutory part of the national curriculum but state funded, local authority schools must provide a basic curriculum. Schools designated as having a religious character are free to make their own decisions in preparing their syllabuses. Each local authority has to have an agreed syllabus. Ours is the Shropshire Agreed Syllabus for RE 2022-26.

EYFS RELIGIOUS EDUCATION LINKS

This document demonstrates which statements from the 2020 Development Matters are prerequisite skills for RE within our curriculum.

The table below outlines the most relevant statements taken from the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS statutory framework and the Development Matters age ranges for Two and Three and Three and Four-Year-Olds and Reception to match the programme of study for RE. The most relevant statements for RE are taken from the following areas of learning:

• Personal, Social and Emotional Development • Understanding the World

Two and Three year olds	 Inal, Social and Emotional Development • Understanding the World Thrive as they develop self-assurance Develop friendships with other children Notice differences between people. 	
Three and Four Year olds	Personal, Social and Emotional Development Understanding the World	 Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community. Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people.
Reception	Personal, Social and Emotional Development	See themselves as a valuable individual. Think about the perspectives of others

	Understanding t	he World	Talk about members of their immediate family and community.
			Name and describe people who are familiar to them.
			Understand that some places are special to members of their community.
			Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways.
ELG	Personal, Socialand Emotional Development	Building Relationships	Show sensitivity to their own and others' needs.
	Understanding the World	Past and Present	 Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.
		People and Communities	Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class

Government Guidance

Religious Education is not a statutory part of the National Curriculum but state-funded, local authority schools must provide a basic curriculum. Schools designated as having a religious character are free to make their own decisions in preparing their syllabuses.

'The curriculum for a maintained school must be a balanced and broadly based one which 'promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils and of society, and prepares pupils for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life'.' Section 2 79 (1) School Standards and Framework Act.

Breadth and depth can be achieved in RE, if the following are taken into account:

- RE should provide opportunities for pupils to develop positive attitudes and values and to reflect and relate their learning in RE to their own experience.
- Building on the statutory requirements, it is recommended that there should be
 a wide- ranging study of religion and belief across the key stages as a whole.
- Not all religions need to be studied at the same depth or in each key stage, but all that are studied should be studied in a way that is coherent and promotes progression.

- Pupils should have the opportunity to learn that there are those who do not hold religiou
 beliefs and have their own philosophical perspectives, and subject matter should facilitat
 integration and promotion of shared values.
- The study of religion should be based on the legal requirements and provide an appropriate balance between and within Christianity, other principal religions and, where appropriate other religious traditions and worldviews, across the key stages as a whole, making appropriate links with other parts of the curriculum and its cross-curricular dimensions.

Taken from: Religious Education in English Schools: Non-statutory guidance 2010

Areas to Cover in the Non-Statutory Guidance

Dur school follows the Shropshire Agreed syllabus for RE 2021-26 which has 3 interconnected elements — making sense of beliefs, making connections and understanding the moact

Dur RE curriculum also incorporates::

- SMSC
- Personal Growth and Development
- Community Cohesion

Beliefs and teachings (from various religions)

Understanding the key teachings of various religions.

Rituals, ceremonies and lifestyles (from various religions)

Exploring the day-to-day lives and practices of various religions.

How beliefs are expressed

Understanding how books, scriptures, symbols, art and readings convey beliefs.

RE coverage should aim to:

provoke challenging questions;

encourage pupils to explore their own beliefs;

enable pupils to build their sense of identity and belonging; teach pupils to develop respect for others;

teach pupils to develop respect for others,

prompt pupils to consider their responsibilities.

Time to reflect and personal growth

Showing an appreciation for how religion plays an important role in people's lives. Exploring identity and who we are.

Values (in your own life and others' lives)

Showing an appreciation for what people value and how it is an important aspect of their life. Making sense of right and wrong and choices we make.

Making sense of beliefs

Identifying and making sense of core religious and non-religious beliefs and concepts; understanding what these beliefs mean within their traditions; recognising how and why sources of authority (such as texts) are used, expressed and interpreted in different ways, and developing skills of interpretation.

Making connections

Evaluating, reflecting on and connecting the beliefs and practices studied; allowing pupils to challenge ideas studied, and the ideas studied to challenge pupils' thinking; discerning possible connections between these and pupils' own lives and ways of understanding the world.

Understanding the impact

Examining how and why people put their beliefs into action in diverse ways, within their everyday lives, within their communities and in the wider world.

Intent

Our RE lessons are intended to offer a broad and rich RE curriculum to allow for coverage of the areas prescribed; to allow for a variety of ways to explore religions, their community and personal development and wellbeing. The lessons have an intention of providing a high quality, coherent and progressive experience of the subject, with scope for cross-curricular learning. Through each unit, children will know about and understand a range of religions and world views. They will be able to identify, investigate and respond to a variety of issues. Making sense of belief, making connections and understanding the impact are featured throughout each strand and are there to ensure opportunities for children to develop positive attitudes and values and to reflect on and relate their learning in RE to their own experiences. The intent is to make sure that children understand the relevance of RE in today's modern world and how it affects our lives.



Implementation

At Kinnerley we have adopted the Shropshire Agreed syllabus for RE 2021-2026 and the Understanding Christianity resources. Lessons offer a broad range of study for children and are based on a questioning approach. In KS1, children begin to look at Christianity and other religions, Judaism and Islam, focusing on celebrations and rituals. In KS2, we offer a wider range of learning opportunities about the world's religions, Christianity, Judaism, Islam and Hinduism, including deeper understanding of the origin of those religions and their key stories and teachings. Throughout both key stages, emphasis on personal growth and community cohesion is evident, allowing for personal development for the children from KS1 to the end of KS2. Resources for delivery will incorporate Planbee units, BBC Teach resources, RE online and Re quest, amongst others. Experience will be enhanced through external links, visits and visitors. Local clergy will expand on teaching of Christianity.

Study takes place across three strands:

- Making sense of beliefs Theology
- Making connections Philosophy
- Understanding the Impact Human Science



Impact

We believe that the impact of using our lessons will be for children to have a better understanding of the religions that make up the UK landscape and how they can learn from and work alongside each other to create community cohesion. All children will be more informed about their position in the world, and the decisions they can make impacting their future. All children in school will be able to talk confidently about their wellbeing, moral and cultural development for the society in which they live. The RE curriculum will promote inquisitive minds, respect, tolerance and understanding for all those around them including themselves. Our lessons enable high quality work to be produced and evidenced, showcasing a deep understanding of the main religions of the world, their community and their future. This evidence will be seen through using the correct vocabulary, explanations and respectful opinions, as well as cross-curricular evidence, for example religious and cultural art work, drama, craft and presentations. Impact will be seen by all teachers and children enjoying the experience of teaching and learning RE and understanding how it can help them in their future.

End of phase outcomes

Each of the three elements of the teaching and learning approach is important and pupils should make progress in all of them. Below are the end of phase outcomes for each element. Each unit provides learning outcomes specific to each question, leading to these end of phase outcomes.

Teaching and learning approach	End KS1 Pupils can	End lower KS2 Pupils can	End upper KS2 Pupils can
Element 1: Making sense of beliefs Identifying and making sense of religious and non-religious beliefs and concepts;	 identify core beliefs and concepts studied and give a simple description of what they mean 	identify and describe the core beliefs and concepts studied	 identify and explain the core beliefs and concepts studied, using examples from texts/sources of authority in religions
understanding what these beliefs mean within their traditions; recognising how and why sources of authority (such as texts) are used, expressed and interpreted in	 give examples of how stories show what people believe (e.g. the meaning behind a festival) 	 make clear links between texts/ sources of authority and the core concepts studied 	 describe examples of ways in which people use texts/sources of authority to make sense of core beliefs and concepts
different ways, and developing skills of interpretation.	give clear, simple accounts of what stories and other texts mean to believers	offer informed suggestions about what texts/sources of authority can mean and give examples of what these sources mean to believers	 give meanings for texts/sources of authority studied, comparing these ideas with some ways in which believers interpret texts/sources of authority
Element 2: Understanding the impact Examining how and why people put their beliefs into practice in diverse ways,	 give examples of how people use stories, texts and teachings to guide their beliefs and actions 	 make simple links between stories, teachings and concepts studied and how people live, individually and in communities 	 make clear connections between what people believe and how they live, individually and in communities
within their everyday lives, within their communities and in the wider world.	give examples of ways in which believers put their beliefs into practice	 describe how people show their beliefs in how they worship and in the way they live identify some differences in how people put their beliefs into practice 	 using evidence and examples, show how and why people put their beliefs into practice in different ways, e.g. in different communities, denominations or cultures

Teaching and learning approach	End KS1 Pupils can	End lower KS2 Pupils can	End upper KS2 Pupils can
Element 3: Making connections Evaluating, reflecting on and connecting the beliefs and practices studied; allowing pupils to challenge ideas studied, and the ideas studied to challenge pupils' thinking; discerning possible connections between these and pupils' own lives and ways of understanding the world.	think, talk and ask questions about whether the ideas they have been studying, have something to say to them give a good reason for the views they have and the connections they make	make links between some of the beliefs and practices studied and life in the world today, expressing some ideas of their own clearly raise important questions and suggest answers about how far the beliefs and practices studied might make a difference to how pupils think and live give good reasons for the views they have and the connections they make	 make connections between the beliefs and practices studied, evaluating and explaining their importance to different people (e.g. believers and atheists) reflect on and articulate lessons people might gain from the beliefs/ practices studied, including their own responses, recognising that others may think differently consider and weigh up how ideas studied in this unit relate to their own experiences and experiences of the world today, developing insights of their own and giving good reasons for the views they have and the connections they make

THE PRINCIPAL AIM OF RELIGIOUS EDUCATION is to explore what people believe and what difference this makes to how they live, so that pupils can gain the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to handle questions raised by religion and belief, reflecting on their own ideas and ways of living.

The threefold aim of RE elaborates the principal aim. The curriculum for RE aims to ensure that all pupils:

1. make sense of a range of religious and non-religious beliefs, so that they can:

- identify, describe, explain and analyse beliefs and concepts in the context of living religions, using appropriate vocabulary
- explain how and why these beliefs are understood in different ways, by individuals and within communities
- recognise how and why sources of authority (e.g. texts, teachings, traditions, leaders) are used, expressed and interpreted in different ways, developing skills of interpretation

2. understand the impact and significance of religious and non-religious beliefs, so that they can:

- examine and explain how and why people express their beliefs in diverse ways
- recognise and account for ways in which people put their beliefs into action in diverse ways, in their everyday lives, within their communities and in the wider world
- appreciate and appraise the significance of different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning

3. make connections between religious and non-religious beliefs, concepts, practices and ideas studied, so that they can:

- evaluate, reflect on and enquire into key concepts and questions studied, responding thoughtfully and creatively, giving good reasons for their responses
- challenge the ideas studied, and allow the ideas studied to challenge their own thinking, articulating beliefs, values and commitments clearly in response
- discern possible connections between the ideas studied and their own ways of understanding the world, expressing their critical responses and personal reflections with increasing clarity and understanding

Throughout schooling, teachers should consider how their teaching contributes towards the principal aim of RE in Shropshire, and how they help pupils to achieve the threefold aims above.