	DANCE PROGRESSION GRID					
Early Years Outcome	KS1 National Curriculum Aims	KS2 National Curriculum Aim				
 The main Early Years Outcomes covered in the Dance units are: Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping. (PD – M&H 30-50) Experiments with different ways of moving. (PD – M&H 40-60) • Children show good control and coordination in large and small movements. They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. (PD – M&H ELG) Enjoys joining in with dancing and ring games. (EAD – M & M 30-50) • Beginning to move rhythmically. (EAD – M & M 30-50) 	 Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to: master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and coordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities; perform dances using simple movement patterns. 	 Pupils should continue to appuse them in different ways ar movement. They should develop a activities and sports and learn should be taught to: develop flexibility, strength athletics and gymnastics; perform dances using a range compare their performance achieve their personal best. 				
 Imitates movement in response to music. (EAD – M & M 30-50) Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances. (EAD – M & M 40-60) Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing 						
them. (EAD – M & M ELG)						
• Developing preferences for forms of expression. (EAD – BI 30-50) • Uses movement to express feelings. (EAD – BI 30-50)						
 Creates movement in response to music. (EAD – BI 30-50) Captures experiences and responses with a range of media, such as dance. (EAD – BI 30-50) Initiates new combinations of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences. (EAD – BI 40-60) Children represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through dance. (EAD – BI ELG) 						

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Health & Fitness							
Describe how the body feels when still and when exercising.	Describe how the body feels before and after exercise.	Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different	Recognise and describe the effects of exercise on the body.	Describe how the body reacts at different times and how this affects	Know and understand the reasons for warming up and cooling down.	Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down.	
	Carry and place equipment safely.	physical activities. Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Know the importance of strength and flexibility for physical activity. Explain why it is important to warm up and cool down.	performance. Explain why exercise is good for your health. Know some reasons for warming up and cooling down.	Explain some safety principles when preparing for and during exercise.	Carry out warm-ups and cool-downs safely and effectively. Understand why exercise is good for health, fitness and wellbeing.	
						Know ways they can become healthier.	
Dance Skills							

ims

apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to and to link them to make actions and sequences of njoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each o an understanding of how to improve in different physical arn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils

th, technique, control and balance [for example, through

ange of movement patterns;

nces with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to

Join a range of different movements together.	Copy and repeat actions.	Copy, remember and repeat actions.	Begin to improvise with a partner to create a simple dance.	Identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen	Identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen	Identify and repeat the movement patterns and actions of a chosen
Change the speed of their actions.	Put a sequence of actions together to create a motif.	Create a short motif inspired by a stimulus.	Create motifs from different stimuli.	dance style.	dance style.	dance style.
Change the style of their movements.	Vary the speed of their actions. Use simple choreographic devices	Change the speed and level of their actions.	Begin to compare and adapt movements and motifs to create a larger sequence.	Compose a dance that reflects the chosen dance style. Confidently improvise with a partner or on their own.	Compose individual, partner and group dances that reflect the chosen dance style.	Compose individual, partner and group dances that reflect the chosen dance style.
Create a short movement phrase which demonstrates their own ideas.	such as unison, canon and mirroring.	Use simple choreographic devices such as unison, canon and mirroring.	Use simple dance vocabulary to compare and improve work.	Compose longer dance sequences in a small group.	Show a change of pace and timing in their movements.	Use dramatic expression in dance movements and motifs.
	Being to improvise independently to create a simple dance.	Use different transitions within a dance motif.	Perform with some awareness of rhythm and expression.	Demonstrate precision and some control in response to stimuli.	Develop an awareness of their use of space.	Perform with confidence, using a range of movement patterns.
		Move in time to music. Improve the timing of their actions.		Begin to vary dynamics and develop actions and motifs in response to stimuli.	Demonstrate imagination and creativity in the movements they devise in response to stimuli.	Demonstrate strong and controlled movements throughout a dance sequence. Combine flexibility, techniques and movements to
				Demonstrate rhythm and spatial awareness.	Use transitions to link motifs smoothly together.	create a fluent sequence. Move appropriately and with the
				Change parts of a dance as a result of self-evaluation.	Improvise with confidence, still demonstrating fluency across a sequence.	required style in relation to the stimulus, e.g. using various levels, ways of travelling and motifs.
				Use simple dance vocabulary when comparing and improving work.	Ensure their actions fit the rhythm of the music.	Show a change of pace and timing in their movements.
					Modify parts of a sequence as a result of self and peer evaluation.	Move rhythmically and accurately in dance sequences.
					Use more complex dance vocabulary to compare and improve work.	Improvise with confidence, still demonstrating fluency across their sequence.
						Dance with fluency and control, linking all movements and ensuring that transitions flow.
						Demonstrate consistent precision when performing dance sequences.
						Modify some elements of a sequence as a result of self and peer evaluation.
						Use complex dance vocabulary to compare and improve work.
			Complete/Perform			<u> </u>

Control their body, when performing a sequence of movements.	Perform using a range of actions and body parts with some coordination.	Perform sequences of their own composition with coordination.	Develop the quality of their actions in performances.	Perform and create sequences with fluency and expression	Perform own longer, more complex sequences in time to music.	Link actions to create a complex sequence using a full range of movement.
	Begin to perform leant skills with some control.	Perform learnt skills with increasing control. Compete against self and others.	Perform leant skills and techniques with control and confidence. Compete against self and others in a controlled manner.	Perform and apply skills and techniques with control and accuracy.	Consistently perform and apply skills and techniques with accuracy and control.	Perform the sequence in time to music. Perform and apply a variety of skills and techniques confidently, consistently and with precision.
			Evaluate			
Talk about what they have done.	Watch and describe performances.	Watch and describe performances and use what they see to improve	Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of a performance.	Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of performances,	Choose and use criteria to evaluate own and others' performances.	Thoroughly evaluate their own and others work, suggesting thoughtful
Talk about what others have done.	Begin to say how they could improve.	their own performances. Talk about differences between their work and that of others.	Describe how their performance has improved over time.	giving ideas for improvements. Modify their use of skills or techniques to achieve a better result.	Explain why they have used particular skills or techniques, and the effect they have had on their performance.	and appropriate improvements.