ATHLETICS PROGRESSION GRID



Early Years Outcome

The main Early years outcomes covered in the athletic units are:

- . shows increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or kicking.
- . Children show good control and co-ordination in large and small movements.
- . Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and $% \left(\mathbf{r}\right) =\mathbf{r}^{\prime }$

chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles.

- . Experiments with different ways of moving.
- . They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space.

KS1 National Curriculum Aims

Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills before increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and co-ordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to:

- . Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.
- . Participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending.

KS2 National Curriculum Aims

Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways to link them to make actions and sequences of movement. They should enjoy communicating, collaborating and competing with each other. They should develop an understanding of how to improve in different physical activities and sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise their own success. Pupils should be taught to:

- . Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.
- . Play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.
- . Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance.
- . Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6				
Health & Fitness										
Describe how the body feels when still and when exercising.	Describe how the body feels before and after exercise.	Recognise and describe how the body feels during and after different physical activities.	Recognise and describe the effects of exercise on the body.	Describe how the body reacts at different times and how this affects performance.	Know and understand the reasons for warming up and cooling down.	Understand the importance of warming up and cooling down.				
	Carry and place equipment safely.	Explain what they need to stay healthy.	Know the importance of strength and flexibility for physical activity.	Explain why exercise is good for your health.	Explain some safety principles when preparing for and during exercise.	Carry out warm-ups and cool-downs safely and effectively.				
			Explain why it is important to warm up and cool down.	Know some reasons for warming up and cooling down.		Understand why exercise is good for health, fitness and wellbeing.				
						Know ways they can become healthier.				
Running										
Run in different ways for a variety of purposes.	Vary their pace and speed when running.	Run at different paces, describing the different paces.	Identify and demonstrate how different techniques can affect their performance.	Confidently demonstrate an improved technique for sprinting.	Identify their reaction times when performing a sprint start.	Build up speed quickly for a sprint finish.				
	Run with basic technique over different distances.	Use a variety of different stride lengths.	Focus on their arm and leg action.	Perform a relay, focussing on the baton changeover technique.	Accelerate from a variety of different starting positions.	Use their preferred leg when running over hurdles.				
	Show good posture and balance.	Travel at different speeds.	Begin to combine running and jumping over hurdles.	Develop a fluent changeover.	Confidently and independently select the most appropriate pace	Accelerate to pass other competitors.				
	Jog and sprint in a straight line.	Begin to select the most suitable pace and speed for distance.		Speed up and slow down smoothly.	for different distances and different parts of a run.	Work as a team to competitively				
	Change direction when jogging and sprinting.	Vary the speed and direction in				perform a relay.				
	Maintain control as they change direction when jogging and	which they are travelling.								
	sprinting.	Run with basic techniques following a curved line.								
		Be able to maintain and control a run over different distances.								
			Jumping							
Jump in a range of ways, landing safely.	Perform different types of jumps.	Perform and compare different types of jumps.	Use one and two feet to take off and to land with.	Learn how to combine a hop, step and jump to perform the triple	Improve techniques for jumping for distance.	Develop the technique for the standing vertical jump.				
	Perform a short jumping sequence.			jump.						

	Jump as high and as far as possible. Land safely and with control. Work with a partner to develop the control of their jumps.	Combine different jumps together with some fluency and control. Jump for distance from a standing position with accuracy and control. Investigate the best jumps to cover different distances. Choose the most appropriate jumps to cover different distances.	Develop an effective take-off for the standing long jump. Develop an effective flight phase for the standing long jump. Land safely with control.	Land safely with control. Begin to measure the distance jumped.	Perform an effective standing long jump. Land safely and with control. Investigate different jumping techniques.	Maintain control at each of the different stages of the triple jump. Land safely and with control. Develop and improve their techniques for jumping for height and distance and support others in improving their performance. Perform and apply different types of jumps in other contexts.
	1		Throwing		1	
Roll equipment in different ways. Throw Underarm. Throw an object at a target.	Throw underarm and overarm. Throw a ball towards a target with increasing accuracy. Improve the distance they can throw by using more power.	Throw different types of equipment in different ways, for accuracy and distance. Throw with accuracy at targets of different heights. Investigate ways to alter their throwing technique to achieve greater distance.	Throw with greater control and accuracy. Show increasing control in their overarm throw. Perform a push throw. Continue to develop techniques to throw for increased distance.	Perform a pull throw. Measure the distance of their throws. Continue to develop techniques to throw for increased distance.	Perform a pull throw. Measure the distance of their throws. Continue to develop techniques to throw for increased distance.	Develop the technique for the push, pull and fling throw and support others in improving their performance. Accurately measure and record the distance of their throws.
			Complete/Perform			
Control their body, when performing a sequence of movements. Participate in simple games.	Begin to perform leant skills with some control. Engage in competitive activities and team games.	Perform learnt skills with increasing control. Compete against self and others.	Perform leant skills and techniques with control and confidence. Compete against self and others in a controlled manner.	Perform and apply skills and techniques with control and accuracy. Take part in a range of competitive games and activities.	Consistently perform and apply skills and techniques with accuracy and control. Take part in competitive games with strong understanding of tactics and composition.	Perform and apply a variety of skills and techniques confidently, consistently and with precision. Take part in competitive games with a strong understanding of tactics and composition.
			Evaluate		1	
Talk about what they have done. Talk about what others have done.	Watch and describe performances. Begin to say how they could improve.	Watch and describe performances and use what they see to improve their own performances. Talk about differences between their work and that of others.	Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of a performance. Describe how their performance has improved over time.	Watch, describe and evaluate the effectiveness of performances, giving ideas for improvements. Modify their use of skills or techniques to achieve a better result.	Choose and use criteria to evaluate own and other's performances. Explain why they have used particular skills or techniques, and the effect they have had on their performance.	Thoroughly evaluate their own and others work, suggesting thoughtful and appropriate improvements.